# Nashville Latriot.

CHIMOTER PRINCIPLE OF THE PRINCIPLE

ri-weekly, per annum,..... 5 00 I, at our option, until paid for and stopped. I paid, it must be paid at the time of discontinuance rat our option If the party is good, it will be sen ces by mail, in "registered" letters, at our

Steam Press Printing Concern!



A. S. CAMP & CO., Proprietors, No. 16 Deaderick Street,

le Published Daily, Tri Weekly and Weekly.

By the purchase of the printing establishment of the ecent additions of new materials from the foundries, the Jos Orricz of the Parmor has been made the largest and most complete in the South-West. It is team has been applied to our presses, which are of the best kinds. We are prepared to print, in the highest style of the art, plain, in colors, or bronze,

PROGRAMMES. SHOW CARDS, BILL HEADS. RAHLROAD WORK, DRAY TICKETS,

HANDBILLS, BILLS LADING, SHOW BILLS, BALL TICKETS. STEAMBOAT WORK, DIPLOMAS. And, indeed, everything from the smallest Tip to the

The large circulation of the Parmor, greatly augmen ted by the addition thereto of the subscription lists of News, renders it an excellent advertising medium. None better in the city.

We solicit orders, at our office, No. 16 DEADER A. S. CAMP & CO.

RATES OF ADVERTISING (TEN LINES OF LESS TO CONSTITUTE A SQUAFE.)

One Square I day \$1 00—each additional insertion \$ 50 " 2 " 9 00 " 3 " 12 00 44 25 90 RENEWARLE AT PLEASURE.

One square, one year, \$30-each additional square \$10 Vritten notice must be given to take out and st p vertisements of yearly advertisers before the year pires, otherwise we shall charge till done. No contract of yearly advertisements will be discon-tinued without previous notice to us, nor will any charge be made for less than one year at the yearly

Advertisers exceeding the space contracted for will be charged for the excess. @\$

OILS! OILS!! OILS!!!

METCALFE BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 25 BROAD STREET,

NASHVILLE, TENN.

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS IN

COAL OILS,

CARBON BURNING OIL, COTTON SPINDLE OIL

PARAFFINE BURNING OIL,

MACHINERY OIL, RUDE, Prepared and Refined, PETROLEUM OILS,

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PARAFFINE WAX CANDLES: ALSO

Exclusively at Wholesale

EAGLE MILL COTTON YARNA OSNABURGS AND SHEETINGS.

COTTON PLAIDS AND STRIPES We refer by permission to GEN. G. P. SMITH, President Bank of Tennessee. JOHN A. FISHER, Cashier Bank of Tennessee. Also to the following Wholesale Merchants in t

MORRIS & STRATTON STRATTON & SEYMOUR, GARDNER & CO., FALL & CUNNINGHAM

TERMS CASH.

Premium Harness. **COUNTY** 

C. L. HOWERTON

No's. 9 and 10 Public Square, Nashville, Harness Manufacturer.

COACH and Buggy Harness of every style and quality der. Also, Buggy Collars, Kip and Hog Skin Collars Bridles, Halters, and all other articles made by Harness Manufacturers—all of the best material and the finest workmanship, all of which will be sold as cheap as can be bought anywhere in the United States.

To C. L. HOWERTON'S Harness has been awarded the Highest Premium at the Tennessee State Fair, the Kentucky State Fair at Bowling Groep, at the Limestone County Fair, Alabama; Agricultural Society at Athens, &c.

Flouring Mill for Rent. River, just below the city, is offered for rent the remaineer of the present year, with the privilege of next year Apply to Tunner E. Forrex, Cherry street, JAMES CORRETT, at the Mill.

Succe sors to Edwards, Gilkerson & Co., Wholesale Grocers, Fowarding and Commission Merchants, Brandies, Wines, Tobaccos, Cigars, &c., &c.

CORNER CHURCH AND COLLEGE STREETS, Nashville, Tenn,

WE ARE IN RECEIPT OF A LARGE AND WELL selected stock of Groceries, Tobaccos, Liquors, &c., comprised in part as follows, to which we respectfully invite the attention of the Trade. SUGAR, MOLASSES AND SYRUP.

75 hhds Louisiana Sugar; 60 bbls Lovering's powdered Sugar; 20 boxes D.R. Loaf Sugar; 20 boxes D.R. Loaf Sugar; 25 "Clarified" dered Sugar; 50 bbls Coffee; 20 boxes D.R. Loaf Su 100 bbls Plantation Molas- 50 half bbls Refined ses; 100 half bbls Plantation 60 packages St. Louis Gol-Molasses; den Syrup; 50 bbls Refined Molasses; 50 pks New Oricans Gol-50 bbls Lovering's D R den Syrup;

imore Rio 50 bags Old Gol Java Cof-Coffee; 100 bags New Orleans Rio 50 bags Laguira Coffee; WHISKY.

100 bbls Rectified Whisky; 50 bbls Robertson county 100 " Tenn. White " Whisky; 100 " Ky. D D " 50 bbis Smith's Old Re-100 packages Old Rye Whis- serve Whisky; ky; 2 puncheons of Irish and Scotch Whisky. BRANDIES, WINES, &c.

10 quarter casks A Seig- 10 casks Madeira Wine; nette's Branky; 10 " pale Sherry Wine 10 quarter casks Otard, 25 " Old Port Duprey & Co's Brandy, 5 " Sweet Malaga" 20 qr casks Rochelle Bran- 10 " Dry " " dy; 50 pks Ginger Wine; 10 qr casks United Pro- 50 baskets Champagne; prietor's Brandy; 25 boxes Claret; prietor's Brandy; 25 boxes Charet; prietor's Brandy; 25 pks Lemon Cordial; 100 pks American Brandy; 25 " Mint " 50 boxes Bitters; 25 pks Holland Gin 10 casks Rum; 25 " Raspberry

TOBACCO AND CIGARS. 300 boxes Virginia Tobacco-various brands 25 kegs A J Smith's Pancake Tobacce; 50,000 Superior Havana Cigars-various brands,

> CANDLES AND SOAP. 50 boxes Stearine Candles; 150 boxes cap, various kind-

FLOUR. 100 bbls extra Family Flour 100 bags Pennsylvania Buckwheat Flour.

SUNDRIES. 1000 sacks fine anpc oarse 25 chests Green Salt; Black Teas; 600 bbls Kanawha Salt; 100 dozen Buckets; 1000 kegs Nails and Spikes, 50 nest Tubs; 500 boxes Glass Ware; 25 sacks S S Almonds; 500 Regis Cotton Rope; 50 bbls Pecans and Fil-500 boxes Glass Ware; 500 Regis Cotton Rope; 100 casks Soda; 1000 pounds Bar Lend, berts; 10 bbls English Walnuts 500 bags Shot, assorted 100 dozen Broom; 100 doz Zinc Wash Boards 100 dozen Fresh Cove Oys 500 reams Wrapping Pa ters; per; 25 cases Sardines, % and 50 bags Pepper; 25 " Allspice; 50 bxs Ground Mustard W boxes; 50 bxs Lemon Syrup; 150 pks Raisins; 100 " Mackerel, 50 " Fire Cracker F:

50 bbls Cider Vinegar

50 bbls XX Ale;

With a variety of other articles. REMOVAL.

Howe Sewing Machine Office, Removed to

34 UNION STREET. First Floor, recently occupied by J. C. Harvey & Co In calling the attention of our numerous patrons and the public to our removal to more accessible quar-ters, we deem it unnecessary to refer to the merits of the Howe Machine, as their good qualities are already "household words."

A full stock of Silk, Spool Cotton, and Machine Findings always on hand. CONE BROS., Agents,
34 Union Street,
Nashville, Tenn.

De Forest, Armstrong & Co., DRY GOODS MERCHANTS, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83 and 85 Duane St., N. Y. Would notify the Trade that they are opening Weekly, in new and beautiful patterns,

The Wamsutta Prints, The Amoskeag, A New Print, which excels every Print in the Country for perfection of execution and design in full Madder Colors. Our Prints are cheaper than any in the market and meeting with extensive sale.

Orders promptly attended to.
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ANDREW WIND'S ADVERTISING AGENCY, 133 Nassau st., next door to the Nassau Bank, N. Y

is the Agent for the NASHVILLE PATRIOT, and the best circulating Journals in the United States, Canadas and West Indies. He is authorized to receive advertisements for us

CLARK, GREGORY & CO.,

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF

CLARK & FULLER'S

AMBROSIAL OIL

To whom all orders must be addressed.

Agency of all the Standard Patent Medicines Ladies' Oil Foilet Cream, Cocoanut

Walnut Candy. DEPOT, College Street, Opposite Sewance House, Nashville, Tenn.

DR. R. THOMPSON,

No. 59 Cherry Street, Has on hand VACCINE MATTER, which he has proved to be genuine. Persons wishing Vaccination can find him at his office every afternoon, between 3 and 4 o'clock.

Brogans. N EGRO Brogans, Double and Single Sole, Kip and Grain Leather Boots. A fresh supply cheap fo cash by JOHN RAMAGE, 42 College street.

A SAFE AND SPEEDY REMEDY.

VELPEAU'S COMPOUND CUBERS AND COPAIVA PILLS, FOR THE CURE OF GONNORRHOKA, GLEET FLUOR ALBUS, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, &c.

Price Fifty Cents a Bottle, Containing Fifty Pills

These Puls are highly recommended by the principal physicians of Europe and America. Orders from the trade and others solicited, and rell ance may be placed on having punctual attention from J. W. Pencht wanger, Sole Agent. 42 Cedar Street,

P. O. Box 3616, NEW YORK mar24—d6m For Sale. HAT comfortable dwelling, No. 165 South Aiso, No. 15 North Req. Aftply to dence of Jas. Correy, Req. Aftply to J. KIRKMAN, Pres. Jank

A. W. N'CALL. A. B. MONTGOMERY, Special Partner

Wholesale and Retail DEALER IN

Plows, Rakes, Cultivators,

BUILDING HARDWARE

KIRKMAN & ELLIS' OLD STAND 34, Public Square, NASHVILLE, TENN HAVING added to our already large stock of HARD WARE and CUTLERY, a fine assortment of FIRST

RETAIL GOODS FINE TABLE AND POCKET KNIVES,

EDGE TOOLS, BUILDING HARDWARE, FARMERS, CARPENTERS, Mail and

COOPERS, SMITHS, and MACHINISTS' Tools, Implements, &c., &c. We respectfully solicit a call from our friends, for mer patrons of "M'Call & Co." and the public gen; erally.

M'CALL & FALL, Kirkman & Ellis' Old Stand,

34 PUBLIC SQUARE

No. 5 College Street, GENERAL PRODUCE

Commission Merchants

s and you know need from many or

Orders filled at the Lowest Cash Price. of Farm Invested - His Proper-

PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO

CONSIGNMENTS

## PRODUCE

We are daily receiving and will sell for the lowest Cash Price,

Corn. Bran, Oats, Shorts, Onions, Meal.

Potatoes, Apples, Lard, Bacon,

And all other kinds of Produce and Seeds April 7—lydw

FOR HIRE FOR the remainder of this year, a stout servant GIRL Price low. Apply at this Office.

BRADY'S Publishing House NEW BOOKS.

CANONBURY HOUSE, by G. W. M. Reynolds, price 50 CANONBURY BOUSE, by G. W. M. R. Reynous, p. 60
ADA ARUNDEL, " 50
OLIVIA, or the Maid of Honor, " 50
CHARLEY FOX'S Ethiopian Song Book. 13
GEORGE CHRISTY'S Joke Book, No. 2. 13
THE PATRIOT CRUISER, by Sylvanus Cobb, Jr. 25
THE MANIAC'S SECRET, " 25
THE MANIAC'S SECRET, " 25
THE MAID OF THE RANCHE, by Dr. J. H. Robinson. 25 Sent free of postage on receipt of price.
FREDERIC A. BRADY,
No. 126 Nassau street, New York.
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MITCHELL'S SILVER OIL, For the Sewing Machine.

Price 25 cents per Bottle. THIS is a very Superior Article, and is prepared with a great deal of care and experience, expressly for the Sewing Machine. CONE BROS., Agents, mar15-4f 34 Union street.

HOWE SEWING MACHINES,

At Greatly Reduced Prices. THESE Machines gather and sew on the Band at the same time; Sew every variety of fabric, and are andoubtedly the best and simplest Michines in the market.

CONE BROS., Agents.

mar15—t. 34 Union street.

MACHINE SILK,

SMALL POX!

FRESH and Reliable Vaccine Matter for sale by WM. J. SMITH, mar19—dtf. Cor. Church and Vine Street M. C. BRUCE,

Auction & Commission Merchant.

Corner Cedar and Cherry sts., Nashville, Tenn.

# CONSTITUTION

confederate States of America.

We, the people of the Confederate States, each State acting in its sovereign and independent character, in order to form a permanent federal government, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity—invoking the favor and guidance of Almighty God—do ordain and establish this Constitution for the Confederate States of America. ierate States of America.

the sale to assertion Lettered and to 1 All legislative powers herein delegated shall be vested in a Congress of the Confederate States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SECTION 2.

1. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states; and the electors in each State shall be citizens of the Confederate States, and have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature; but no person of foreign birth, not a citizen of the Confederate States, shall be allowed to vote for any officer, civil or political, State or Federal.

2. No person shall be a Representative, who shall not have attained the age of twenty-five years, and be actitizen of the Confederate States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

3. Representatives and Direct Taxes shall be apportioned among the several States, which may be included within this Confederacy, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined, by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all siaves. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first mosting of the Congress of the Confederate States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall, by law, direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every fifty thousand, but each State shall have at least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made the State of South Carolina shall be entitled to choose six—the State of Florida two—the State of Alabama nine—the State of Florida two—the State

 The Senate of the Confederate States shall be com-posed of two S nators from each State, chosen for six years by the legislature thereof, at the regular session next immediately preceding the commencement of the term of service; and each Senator shall have one

2. Immediately after they shall be assembled, in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year; so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any State, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies. 3. No person shall be a Senator who shall not have

attained the age of thirty years, and be a citizen of the Confederate States; and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of the State for which he shall be be an inhabitant of the State for which he shall be chosen.

4. The Vice President of the Confederate States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote, unless they shall be equally divided.

5. The Senate shall choose their other officers; and also a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the Confederate States.

6. The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the Confederate States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two thirds of the members-present.

7. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor or profit, under the Confederate States; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law.

SECTION 4.

1. The time, place and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each State by the legisl ture thereof, subject to the provisions of this Constitution; butthe Congress may, at any time, by law, make or alter such regulations, except as to the times and places of choosing Senators.

2. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year; and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall, by law, appoint a different day.

1. Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each House may provide.

2. Each House may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds of the whole number, excel a member. and, with the concurrence of two-thirds of the whole number, expel a member.

3. Each House shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such paris as may in their judgment require secrecy, and the yeas and mays of the members of either House, on any question, shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, by entered on the journal.

4. Neither House, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting.

1. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the Confederate States. They shall, in all cases, except treason, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

2. No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be app inted to any civil office under the authority of the Confederate States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the Confederate States shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office. But Congress may, by law, grant to the principal officer in each of the Executive Departments a seat upon the floor of either House, with the privilege of discussing any measures appertaining to his department.

1. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

2. Every bill which shall have passed both Houses, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the President of the Confederate States; if he approve, he shall sign it; but if not he shall return it with his objections to the House in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journals, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that House shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that House, it shall become a law. But in all such cases, the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each House respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it forces matters and in the title.

1. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder or past facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts; or grant any title of nobility.

2. No State shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imposts or exports, and imposts, iaid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the Congress, shall be for the use of the treasury of the Congress, shall be for the use of the treasury of the Congress, shall be for the use of the treasury of the Congress, shall be for the use of the treasury of the Congress, shall be for the use of the treasury of the Congress, shall be for the use of the treasury of the Congress, shall be for the use of the treasury of the Congress, and imposts, in the title. president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress, by their adjournment, prevent its return; in which case it hall not be a law. The President may

by the President.

3. Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of both Houses may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the Confederate States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him; or being disapproved by him, may be re-passed by two-thirds of both Houses according to the rules and limitations prescribed in case of a bill.

uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies, throughout the Confederate States, but no law of Congress

7. To establish post offices and post routes; but the expenses of the Postoffice Department, after the first day of March in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and sixty-three, shall be paid out of its own revenues:
8. To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings

10. To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the 'aw 11. To declare war, grant letters of marque and re prisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and 12. To raise and support armies but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term

18. To provide and maintain a navy:
14 To make rules for government and the regulation of the land and naval forces:
15. To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Confederate States, suppress insurrections and small investment. tions and repel invasions:

16. To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the Confederate States; reserving to the States, respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescriced

y Congress: 17. To exercise exclusive legislation, in all case whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square,) as may, by cession of one or more States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of the Government of the Confederate States; and to exercise like authority over all the places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the State in which e same shall be, for the erection of forts, magaz rsenals, dockyards, and other needful buildings: and 18. To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution n the government of the Confederate States, or in any ent or officer thereof.

1. The importation of negroes of the African race, from any foreign country, other than the slaveholding States or Territories of the United States of America, is hereby forbidden; and Congress is required to pass such laws as shall effectually prevent the same:

2. Congress shall also have power to prohibit the introduction of slaves from any State not a member of, or Territory not belonging to, this Confederacy.

3. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall anot be suspended, unless when, in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it.

4. No bill of attainder, or ex post facto law, or law denying or impairing the right of property in negro slaves shall be passed.

5. No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

6. No tax or duty shall be laid on articles experted from any State, except by a vote of two-thirds of both

from any State, except by a vote of two-thirds of both 7. No preference shall be given by any regulation of ree or revenue to the ports of one State over hose of another 8. No money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and ex-penditures of all public money shall be published

penditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

9. Congress shall appropriate no money from the treasury except by a vote of two-thirds of both Houses, taken by yeas and nays, unless it be asked and estimated for by some one of the heads of the Department, and submitted to Congress by the President; or for the purpose of paying its own expenses and contingencies, or for the payment of claims against the Confederate States, the justice of which shall have been judicially declared by a tribunal for the investigation of claims against the Government, which it been judicially declared by a tribunal for the investigation of claims against the Government, which it
is hereby made the duty of Congress to establish.

10 All bills appropriating money shall specify in
federal currency the exact amount of each appropriation and the purposes for which it is made; and Congress shall grant no extra compensation to any public
contractor, officer, agent or servant, after such contract shall have been made or such service rendered.

11. No title of nobility shall be granted by the Confederate States; and no person holding any office of federate States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emoluments, of-fice or titles of any kind whatever, from any king,

orince, or foreign State.

12. Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble and petition the Government for a redress of griev-13. A well regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

14. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by 15. The right of the people to be secure in their per-15. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects against unreasonable searche- and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

16. No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand lary except in cases ariging or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in

in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service, in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor be compelled, in any criminal case, to be a witness against himself; nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation. tion.

17. In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor; and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.

18. In suits at common law where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved; and no fact so tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the Confederacy, than according to the rules of the common law. common law.

19. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines be imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments be inflicted. 20. Every law or resolution having the force of law, shall relate to but one subject, and that shall be ex-

pressed in the title.

flict with any treaties of the Confederate States with foreign nations; and any surplus or revenue, thus de-rived, shall, after making such improvements, be paid into the common treasury; nor shall any State keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay. But when any river divides or flows through two or more States, they may enter into compact with each other to improve the navigation thereof.

1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the Confederate States of America. He and the Vice President shall held their offices for the term of six years; but the President shall not be re-eligible.—The President and Vice President shall be elected as follows:
2. Each Seate shall appoint, in such manner as the

2. Each Seate shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the Confederate States, shall be appointed an elector.

3. The electors shall meet in their respective States and vote by ballot for President and Vice President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as Vice-President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of the number of votes for each, which

vote shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then, from the persons having the highest numbers, hat exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as Fresident, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the vote shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice President shall act as President, as in case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President.

act as President, as in case of the death or other con-stitutional disability of the President.

4. The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice President shall be the Vice President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of elect-ors appointed; and if no person have a majority, then, from the two highest numbers on the list the Senate shall choose the Vice President; a quorum for the pur-pose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

5. No person constitutionally incligible to the office

5. No person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice President of the Confederate States.

6. The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the Confederate States

7. No person except a natural born citizen of the Confederate States, or a citizen thereof, at the time of the adoption of the Constitution, or a citizen thereof born in the United States prior to the 29th of December, 1860, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the limits of the Confederate States, as they may exist at the time of his election. ime of his election.

fice, or of his death, resignation, or inability to dis-charge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice President; and the Congress may, by law, provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability both of the President and Vice President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly until the disability be removed or a President shall be 9. The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected; and he shall not receive with

n that period any other emolument from the Confed erate States, or any of them.

10. Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the Confederate States and will be the border of the Confederate. States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve protect and defend the Constitution thereof."

SECTION 2.

1. The President shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the Confederate States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into the actual service of the Confederate States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal offi-cer in each of the Executive Departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offies; and he shall have power to grant reprieves and ces; and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the Confederate States, except in cases of impeachment.

2. He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur: and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, Judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the Confederate States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise wee-

whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law; but the Congress may, by law, vest the appointment of such inferior officers, as they think proper, in the President alone, in the courts of law or in the heads of Departments. of Departments.

3. The principal in each of the Executive Departments, and all persons connected with the diplomatic service, may be removed from office at the pleasure of the President. All other civil officers of the Executive Department may be removed at any time by the President, or other appointing power, when their services are unnecessary, or for dishonesty, incapacity, inefficiency, misconduct, or neglect of duty; and when so removed, the removal shall be reported to the Senate, together with the reasons therefor. to the Senate, together with the reasons therefor.

4. The President shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; but no person rejected by the Senate shall be re-appointed to the same offic, during their ensuing recess.

during their ensuing recess. SECTION 3. 1. The President shall, from time to time, give to the Congress information of the state of the Confederacy, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both Houses, or either of them; and in case of disagreement between them with respect to the time of edment between them, with respect to the time of ad-journment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that

the laws be faithfully executed, and shail commis-sion all the officers of the Confederate States. SECTION 4. The President, Vice President, and all civil officers of the Confederate States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason,

ribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors. ARTICLE III. SECTION 1

1. The judicial power of the Confederate States 1. The judicial power of the Confederate States shall be vested in one Superior Court, and in such Inferior Courts as the Congress may from time to time order and establish. The judges, both of the Supreme and Inferior Courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office, SECTION 2.

1. The judicial power shall extend to all cases arising under this Constitution, the laws of the Confederate States, and treaties made or which shall be made under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the Confederate States shall be a party. controversies to which the Confederate States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States; between a State and citizens of another States; between a State and citizens of another State where the State is plaintiff; between citizens claiming lands under grants of different States, and between a State or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects; but no State shall be sued by a citizen or subject of any foreign State.

2. In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls, and those in which a State shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and facts, with such exceptions, and under such regulations, as the Congress shall make. shall make.

3. The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury, and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crime shall have been committed; but when not committed within

any State, the trial shall be at such place or place as the Congress may by law have directed. 1. Treason against the Confederate States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

2. The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV. SECTION 1. 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may, by general laws, prescribe the manner in which such acts, records, and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect theleof.

SECTION 2.

1. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States, and shall have the right of transit and sojourn in any State of the Confederacy, with their slaves and other property; and the right of property in said slave shall not be thereby im paired.

2. A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other crime against the laws of such State, shall, on demand of the Executive authority of the State from which he fied, be delivered up to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

3. No slave or other person held to service or labor in any State or Territory of the Confederage States, under the laws thereof, escaping or lawfully carried into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor; but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such slave belongs, or to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECTION 3. citizens of each State shall be entitled to

1. Other States may be admitted into this or 'ederacy by a vote of two thirds of the whole House o Representatives, and two-thirds of the Senate, the Senate voting by States: but no new State shall be formed or erected whain the jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more States, or parts of States, without the consent of the legislatures of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

2. The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations concerning the property of the Confederate States, including the lands thereof.

3. The Confederate States may acquire new territory; and Congress shall have power to legislate and provide governments for the inhabitants of all territory belonging to the Confederate States, lying without the limits of: he several States; and may permit them, at such times and in such manner as it may by law provide, to form States to be admitted into the Confederacy. In uch torritory, the institu-

erate States, shall be recognized and protected by Congress, and by the territorial government; and the inhabitants of the several Confederate States and Territories, shall have the right to take to such territory any slaves, lawfully held by them in any of the States or Territories of the Confederate States. State that now is or hereafter may become a member of this Confederacy, a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and on application of the legislature (or of the Execution when the legislature is in seesion) against domestic violence.

ABTICLE V.

I. Upon the demand of any three States legally assembled in their several conventions, the Congress shall summon a convention of all the States, to take into consideration such amendments to the Constitution as the said States all concur in suggesting at the time when the said demand is made; and should any of the proceed amendments to the Constitution be agreed on by the said convention—voting by States—and the same be ratified by the legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, or by conventions in two-thirds thereof—as the one or the other mode of ratification may be preposed by the general mode of ratification may be preposed by the general convention—they shall thenceforward form a part of this Constitution. But no State shall, without its consent, be deprived of its equal representation in the Senate.

1. The Government established by this Constitu-1. The Government established by this Constitu-tion is the successor of the Provisional Government of the Confederate States of America, and all the laws passed by the latter shall continue in force un-til the same shall be repealed or modified; and all the officers appointed by the same shall remain in office until their successors are appointed and quali-fied, or the offices abolished. fied, or the offices abolished.

2. All debts contrated and engagements entered into before the adoption of this Censtitution shall be as valid against the Confederate States under this Constitution as under the Provisional Government.

3. This Constitution, and the laws of the Confederate States, made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made under the authority of the Confederate States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

4. The Senators and Representatives before mentioned and the members of the several State legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the Confederate States are several state. tures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the Confederate States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust inder the Confederate Ssates. 5. The enumeration, in the Constitution, of cer-tain rights, shall not be construed to deny or dis-parage others retained by the people of the several States. 6. The powers not delegated to the Confederate States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States are reserved to the States, respectively, or

to the people thereof

1. The ratification of the conventions of five States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Conshall be sufficient for the establishment of this Con-stitution between the States so ratifying the same.

2. When five States shall have ratified this Consti-tution in the manner before specified, the Congresa under the Provisional Constitution, shall prescribe the time for holding the election of President and Vice President; and for the meeting of the Electoral College; and for counting the votes, and fnaugurat-ing the President. They shall, also, prescribe the time for holding the first election of members of Congress under this Constitution, and the time for assembling the same. Until the assembling of such Congress, the Congress under the Provisional Con-Congress, the Congress under the Provisional Con-stitution shall continue to exercise the legislative powers granted them; not extending beyond the ime limited by the Constitution of the Provisiona Adopted, unanimously, March 11, 1861.

### FASTEST LINE EAST!

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5:45 P. M. EXPRESS From Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Depot, connects via. Teledo, De-troit and Canada. 10 P. M. NIGHT EXPRESS From Cincinnat,, Hami ton and Dnyton Depot, connects via, Columbus Steubensville and Pittsburg; via. Columbus, Crestlineand Pittsburg; via. Columbus, Cleveland, Dunkirk and Buffalo; via. Columbus, Belliar and Benwood; and via Columbus, Belliar and Pittsburg; Modern Sleeping ( ars on this Train. Passengers or Lake Steamers, will take the morning Train.

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